



### When I see this....

### HOW DO I FEEL? WHAT AM I THINKING?

- "Hoarders are gross!!"
- "Every time I watch this show I clean my entire room."
- "Poor thing she needs help"
- "OMG! this is disgusting!"
- "This woman is simply ... lazy"
- "Easy. Hire a dump truck and haul it all to the dump."





### When I see this....

### HOW DO I FEEL? WHAT AM I THINKING?



### Health workers report:

- frustration, irritation, hopelessness, helplessness
- debating/arguing with client
- relief when client is no-show or a desire to transfer.

PRS correlates with **working alliance** (but not hoarding symptom severity)

# Recognize Hoarding Disorder = Chronic, complex, diminished insight, limited Tx adherence



## Patient Rejection Scale (PRS)

To what extent did your client:

- show insight into the nature of her/his problems with hoarding?"
- display poor problem-solving skills?
- have difficulty answering questions about hoarding or other problems appropriately?" (providing too much info, irrelevant info, etc.)



## Today's Objectives

#### HERE'S WHERE WE ARE GOING

### By the end of this session:

- Name two main types of approach to treating Hoarding Disorder (HD) (What can be done to help)
- 2. List an assessment tool to identify key safety/eviction risks and preferred Tx approach (What to assess for so as to know how to best help)
- 3. Identify one strategy (or more!) to set up and address your plan of service.

  (How you can develop a plan to help based on your assessment)





## Hoarding Assessment

WHAT TO ASSESS & DOCUMENT

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Home HealthCare Creating More Independence

### Assessment = What do I need to know to best help?

#### PARETO PRINCIPLE .... FOR HOARDING

### The 80:20 Rule



Look for indicators in the person and their environment that are most likely to be changeable and positively impact the situation.



## What does help?

### TWO TYPES OF SERVICES

Cognitive Behavioural Therapy



Harm Reduction



Which service will remove the clutter & prevent it from returning?



## **Cognitive Behavioural Therapy for HD**

TEACHING SKILLS, EMOTIONAL REGULATION





Adjust thinking patterns



2. OrganizationSkills





3. Sorting/ discard training



4. Exposure to non-acquiring





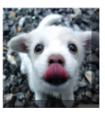


## **Cognitive Behavioural Therapy for HD**

TEACHING SKILLS, EMOTIONAL REGULATION















### **Goals of CBT:**

- 1. Reduce frequency of hoarding behaviours
- Teach skills to re-appraise need to hold onto or acquire belongings
- 3. Improve ability to regulate emotions

## Treat symptoms to reduce impairment



## **CBT Treatment for Hoarding Disorder**

#### LINKING YOUR CLIENTS TO SERVICE



### **CBT-trained therapists**

- Outpatient mental health clinics
- Sunnybrook: Dx & group CBT







### **Guided bibliotherapy**

- Delivery by non-clinicians
- Outcomes comparable
- Web Search: Facilitator's Guide



### **CBT Effectiveness**

TREATMENT RESULTS

Room for Improvement

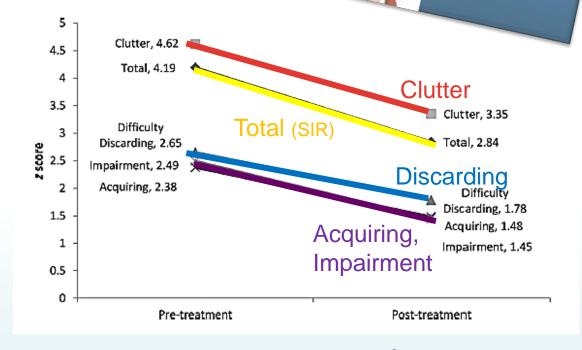
· Costly
· Can take ~1

Can take ~1 year to complete
 Few clinicians are trained

### **Moderate Treatment Effects**

Treatment completers:

- Most change with Difficulty Discarding
- Better outcomes with Women, Younger age, Greater number of CBT sessions

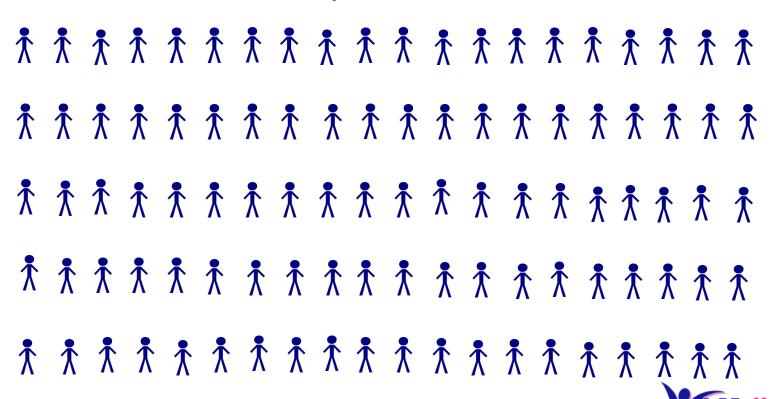




## **CBT Effectiveness – Clinical Significance**

### CLINICALLY SIGNIFICANT CHANGE LESS ROBUST

With 13-35 CBT sessions by trained facilitator; in home & clinic:



### CBT Effectiveness – DIFFICULTY DISCARDING

#### CLINICALLY SIGNIFICANT CHANGE LESS ROBUST

# post treatment scores fit with general population, not hoarding population:

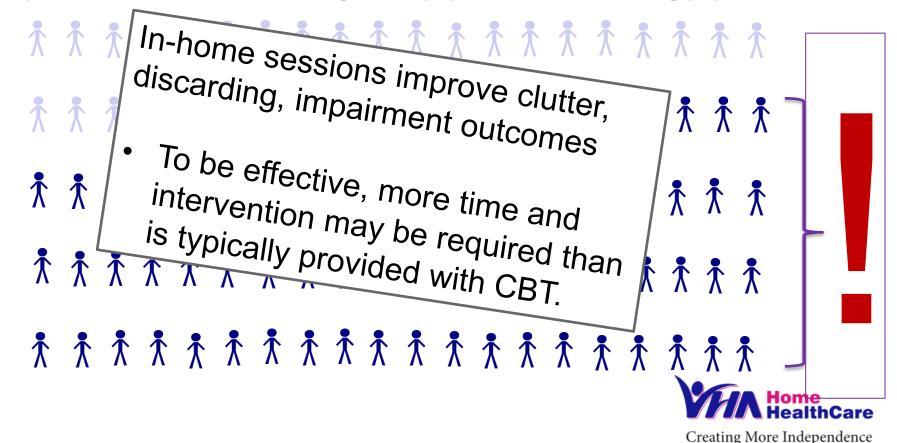


Symptomatic

### **CBT Effectiveness - CLUTTER**

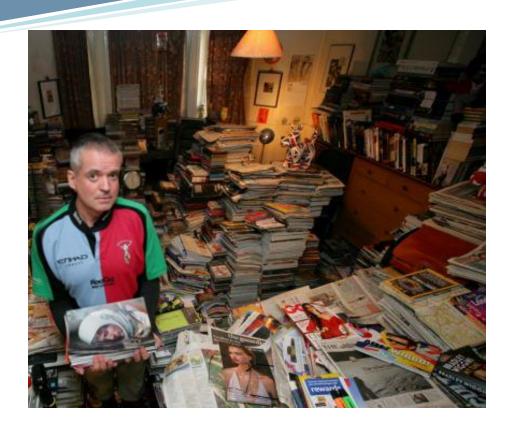
### CLINICALLY SIGNIFICANT CHANGE LESS ROBUST

# post treatment scores fit with general population, not hoarding population:



## Addressing the Clutter

#### THE PERSON IS THE KEY



"I want to know how to help my client with their hoarding problem"



"Tell me how to get them to clear out the clutter!"

100...... 75...... 50...... 25.....0





## Harm Reduction – Reduce Safety Risks

FIRE ... EVICTION ...INFESTATIONS .... UNSANITARY CONDITIONS ...



## Harm Reduction for Hoarding Disorder

DECREASE CONSEQUENCES OF HIGH RISK BEHAVIORS

Does not require the individual stops hoarding.

Harm Reduction focuses on organizing & discarding only that which is necessary to maintain the person in their home with improved safety & comfort.



## Manage symptoms to reduce risk



## Harm Reduction for Hoarding Disorder

### DECREASE CONSEQUENCES OF HIGH RISK BEHAVIORS

### Does not require the individual stops hoarding.

#### **Goals of Harm Reduction:**

- Improve safety of client
- Move possessions to reduce hazards
- Support to organize
- Decluttering/cleaning of high risk spaces

No End Date!



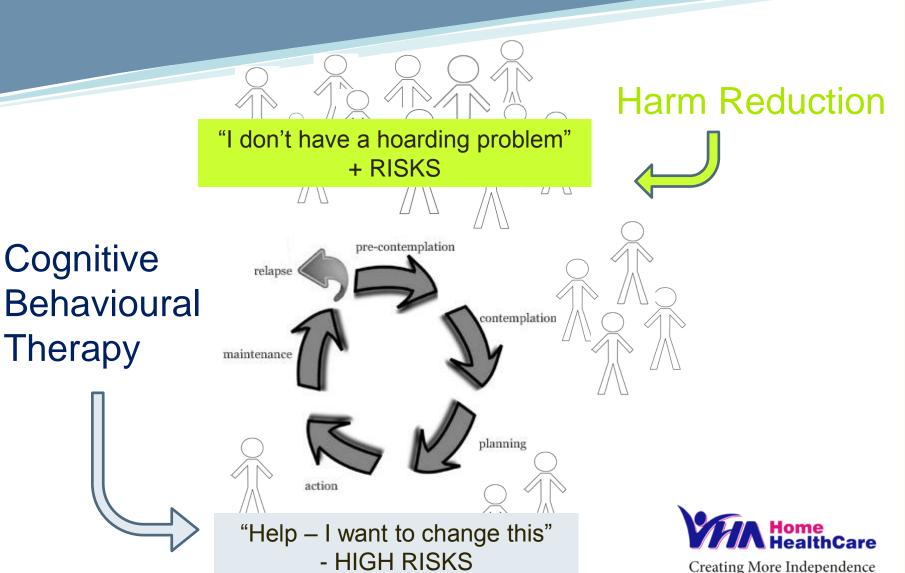


## Harm Reduction – Clutter Impact

**REALISTIC OUTCOMES** 



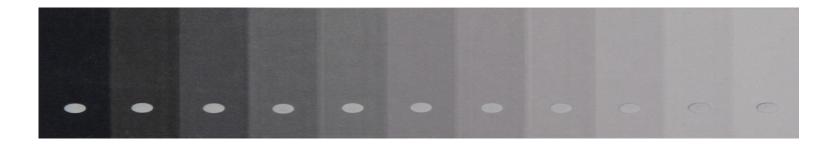
## Type of Intervention $\rightarrow$ Stage of Recovery



## **Assessing Readiness / Stage of Recovery**

ASKING THE RIGHT QUESTION

Yes Is the client ready? No



Creating More Independence

What type of service will most support positive change?
What are they ready for?

## Assessment: What type of service will help?

THE ANSWER TELLS YOU HOW BEST TO PLAN



Creating More Independence

## **Readiness Spectrum**

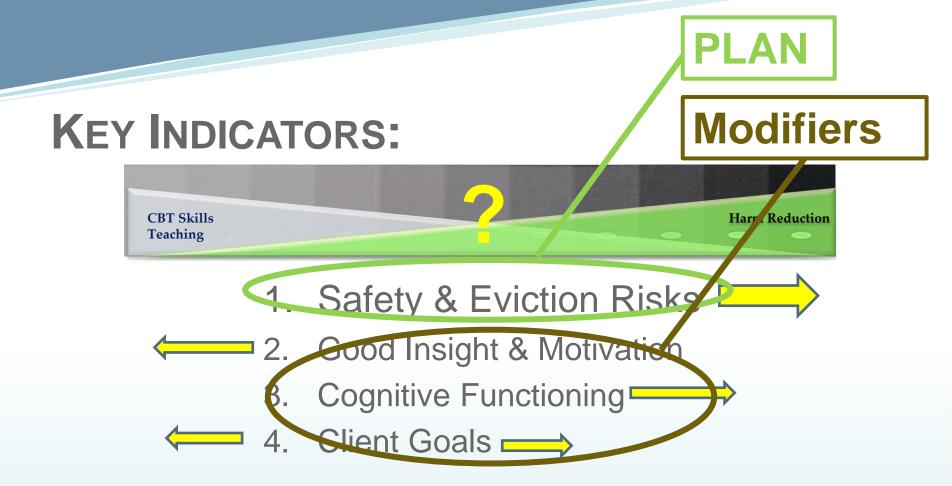
Action......Preparation......Contemplation......Pre-Contemplation

CBT Harm Reduction

Strategies overlap – in home visits, Ax/plan Not static – expect change

## Assessment = Where is my Client (today)?

THE ANSWER TELLS YOU HOW BEST TO HELP





## Assessment = Where is my Client (today)?

THE ANSWER TELLS YOU HOW BEST TO HELP

## **KEY INDICATORS:**



### To Develop Plan:

 Assess: what are the key safety concerns in this situation?

Safety & Eviction



## Safety Risks: Assessment & Plan

#### HARM REDUCTION IN ACTION

# How to assess and intervene in situations of risk:

- ✓ STEP 1: Protect Yourself
- ✓ STEP 2: Safety Assessment
- ✓ STEP 3: Prioritize service goals
- ✓ STEP 4: Provide hands-on support



## Safety Risks: Assessment & Plan

HARM REDUCTION IN ACTION

# How to assess and intervene in situations of risk:

- ✓ STEP 1: Protect Yourself
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## Safety Risks - how can I assist?

#### YOUR SAFETY IS IMPORTANT TOO!



✓ STEP 1: Protect Yourself

### HOW?

- Place personal belongings in garbage bag & seal
- Protective equipment: gloves, boots, gown, mask
- Avoid sitting
- Locate exits/paths
- Bring alcohol-based handrub
- Wear PPE if required





## Safety Assessment:

### **IDENTIFY KEY AREAS OF CONCERN**

### ✓ STEP 2: Safety Assessment

- Clutter Image Rating Scale
- Health & Safety Checklist
- HOMES
- Environmental Cleanliness & Clutter Scale
- Home Environment Index





## Safety Assessment

FIRE RISK: VOLUME OF CLUTTER

## Fires are Larger in Homes with Hoarding



#### Financial loss (av.)

- Non-hoarding home = \$12 500
- Hoarding home = \$100 000

### Fires Contained to Room of Origin (av.)

- Non-hoarding home = 90%
- Hoarding home = 40%



## Clutter Image Rating Scale (CIR)

FROST, STEKETEE & RENAUD, 2008



#### Hoarding Center

### Clutter Image Rating

In our work on hoarding, we've found that people have very different ideas about what it means to have a cluttered home. For some, a small pile of things in the corner of an otherwise well-ordered room constitutes serious clutter. For others, only when the narrow pathways make it hard to get through a room does the clutter register. To make sure we get an accurate sense of a clutter problem, we created a series of pictures of rooms in various stages of clutter - from completely clutter-free to very severely cluttered. People can just pick out the picture in each sequence comes closest to the clutter in their own living room, kitchen, and bedroom. This requires some degree of judgment

Saving, and Hoarding, Oxford University Press).

because no two homes look exactly alike, and clutter can be higher in some parts of the room than others. Still, this rating works pretty well as a measure of clutter. In general, clutter that reaches the level of picture # 4 or higher impinges enough on people's lives that we would encourage them to get help for their hoarding problem. These pictures are published in our treatment manual (Compulsive Hoarding and Acquiring: Therapist Guide, Oxford University Press) and in our self-help book (Buried in Treasures: Help for Compulsive Acquiring,

- Series of 9 sequential pictures: bedroom, living room, bathroom, kitchen
- Provides more objective measure of clutter volumes
- Can be used to measure change consider applying to specified location within room.

To use: select picture that most closely matches home conditions. Average out the total volume within the room.



### **Assessment: Clutter Volume**

### **CLUTTER IMAGE RATING SCALE:** FROST, STEKETEE & RENAUD, 2008

#### **Clutter Image Rating: Bedroom**

Please select the photo that most accurately reflects the amount of clutter in your room.



















## Clutter Image Rating Scale

Bedroom





### **Clutter Image Rating Scale: Kitchen**

Please select the photo below that most accurately reflects the amount of clutter in your room.



















[Frost, Steketee, Tolin, Renaud, 2008]



## **Clutter Image Rating Scale**

**KITCHEN** 



nCare ndence

### **Clutter Image Rating: Living Room**

Please select the photo below that most accurately reflects the amount of clutter in your room.



















# **Clutter Image Rating Scale**

LIVING ROOM





# **Safety Assessment: Fire**

**IDENTIFY KEY AREAS OF CONCERN** 

### **Typical Fire Safety Concerns with Hoarding:**



- A large volume of things which can burn
- Blocked exits & hallways
- Combustibles:
  - near sources of heat (i.e. stove, radiator, exposed lightbulbs),
  - open flames (i.e. candles, lighted cigarettes),
  - on top of extension cords/electrical outlets
- Unsafe cooking/heating practices because utilities or appliances are not working or inaccessible.



#### Fire Services

#### **INSPECT HOMES & ASSESS FIRE SAFETY**



# Fire services encounter hoarding:

- 1. Responding to emergencies
- 2. Safety inspections initiated by concerned family, landlords, neighbours and others.

Fire services have the authority to inspect private homes and rental units (with or without the permission of the occupant) and assess for fire safety.



#### FIRE



Fire services can inspect a home and enforce fire code.

For example:
 "the tenant shall not allow any activity or permit any condition to exist in the leased premises that may create fire or health hazard"

Breach of fire code can result in inspection orders, fines, court proceedings.



### Personal Health Information Disclosure

#### WITHOUT CLIENT CONSENT

### There is no legal duty to inform

Moral/ethical & professional role

### **EXCEPT**

Children – must be reported to CAS

Example of physical neglect: child's need for food, clothing, shelter, cleanliness not adequately met





### Personal Health Information Disclosure

#### WITHOUT CLIENT CONSENT

- Disclosure of vital and, in some cases, life saving information is permitted
  - "Reasonable and probable grounds that disclosure is necessary for purpose of eliminating or reducing significant risk of serious bodily harm to a person or group of persons"

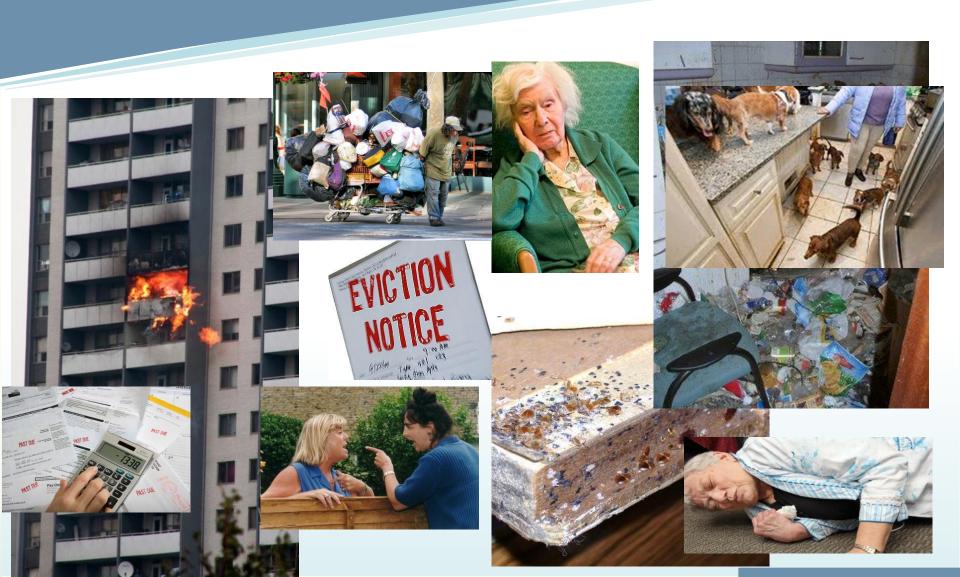
**Document:** data, reasoning, consideration of risks to disclosure and non-disclosure





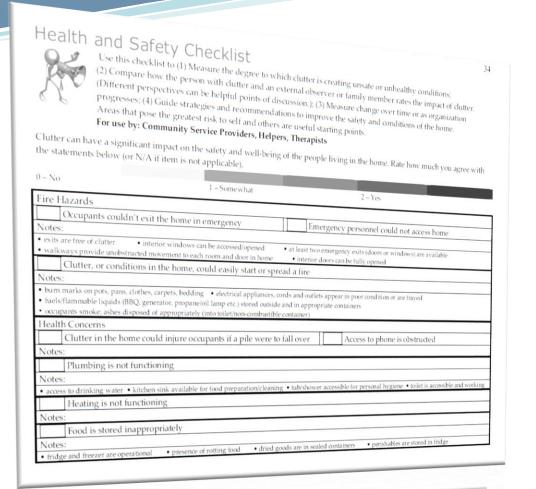
# Safety Assessment – Identify Risks

FIRE ... EVICTION ...INFESTATIONS .... UNSANITARY CONDITIONS ...



# **Health and Safety Checklist**

#### VHA - COMMUNITY USE



alge and freezed are operational \* presence of roting locd \* dried goods are in soiled containers \* periolation

Assesses in home conditions that are typical concerns with hoarding safety.

To use: rate yes/no/somewhat

- EMS access
- Fire
- Health
- Plumbing, heating
- Food storage
- Garbage
- Infestation
- Falls
- Children, vulnerable adults
- pets

Screen for key areas of clinical goal setting.



### **HOMES**

#### BRATIOTIS, 2009

	JIVIES®			
Health	OMES® Multi-d	sciplinary Hoarding	Risk Assessment	
Cannot use bathtub/shower Cannot access toilet Garbage/Trash Overflow Notes:	Cannot prepare food Cannot sleep in bed Cannot use stove/fridge/sink	Deresence of smallers	od	Presence of insects/rode
O <sub>bstacles</sub>		and the block	ions or equipment	chronic dampness
Cannot move freely/safely in home Ulnability for EMT to enter/gain access Notes:	Unstable piles/avala	nche risk		
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- Assesses squalor conditions
- Can be used to quantify risk for service personnel.

**To use**: Rate degree of each item 0-3

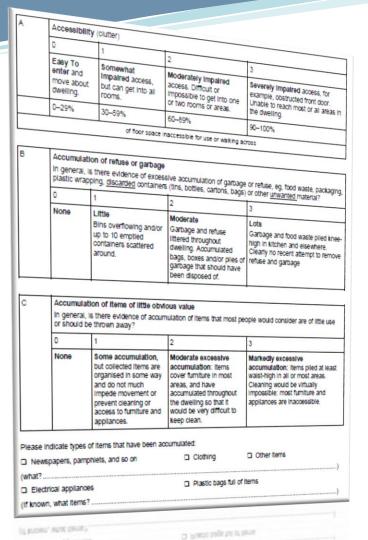
- Accessibility
- Accumulation of refuse/garbage
- Accumulation of belongings
- Cleanliness
- Bathroom/toilet
- Kitchen/food
- Odour
- Vermin
- Sleeping area
- Structural conditions/maintenance

Positive scores identify areas for goal setting.



# **Environmental Cleanliness** and Clutter Scale (ECSS)

#### HALLIDAY & SNOWDON, 2006



- Assesses squalor conditions
- Can be used to quantify risk for service personnel.

To use: Rate degree of each item 0-3

- Accessibility
- Accumulation of refuse/garbage
- Accumulation of belongings
- Cleanliness
- Bathroom/toilet
- Kitchen/food
- Odour
- Vermin
- Sleeping area
- Structural conditions/maintenance

Score >12 suggestive of moderate-severe hoarding.



## **Home Environment Index (HEI)**

#### RASMUSSEN, STEKETEE, FROST, TOLIN, BROWN

#### Home Environment Index Clutter and hoarding problems can sometimes lead to sanitation problems. Please circle the answer that best fits the To what extent are the following situations present in the home: 1. Fire hazard O 0 = No fire hazard 1 = Some risk of fire (for example, lots of flammable material) 2 = Moderate risk of fire (for example, flammable materials near heat source) 3 = High of fire (for example, flammable materials near heat source: electrical hazards, etc.) 2. Moldy or rotten food 0 = None 1 = A few pieces of moldy or rotten food in kitchen 2 = Some moldy or rotten food throughout kitchen 3 = Large quantity of moldy or rotten food in kitchen and elsewhere 3. Dirty or clogged sink 0 = Sink empty and clean 1 = A few dirty dishes with water in sink 2 = Sink full of water, possibly clopped 3 = Sink clopped with evidence that it has overflowed onto counters, etc. 4. Standing water (in sink, tub, other container, basement, etc.) 0 = No standing water 1 = Some water in sink/tub 2 = Water in several places, especially if dirty 3 = Water in numerous places, especially if dirty 5. Human/animal waste/vomit 00 = No human waste, animal waste, or vomit visible 1 = No human waste or vomit; no animal waste or vomit outside cage or box 2 = Some animal or human waste or vomit visible (for example, in unflushed toilet) 3 = Animal or human waste or vomit on floors or other surfaces Mildew or mold 0 = No mildew or mold detectable 1 = Small amount of mildew or mold in limited amounts and expected places (for example, on edge of shower curtain or refrigerator seal) 2 = Considerable, noticeable mildew or mold 3 = Widespread mildew or mold on most surfaces 7. Dirty food containers 0 = All dishes washed and put away 1 = A few unwashed dishes 2 = Many unwashed dishes 3 = Almost all dishes are unwashed

Assesses squalor conditions in the home

To use: rate 15 items on 4 point scale

- Fire hazards
- Food
- Skink
- Water
- Biohazard waste
- Mold
- Cleanliness & cleaning
- Insects
- odour

Scoring highlights areas of concern.

Home
HealthCare

Creating More Independence

# Is self-report accurate?

SOMETIMES...

Limited insight common: does not consistently = under-reporting:

#### Clutter Image Rating Scale:





Indep. Rater





Frost et al, 2008, DeMauro et al 2013





Drury et al, 2015

#### Home Environment Index:

Drury et al, 2015, DiMauro et al 2013



Person with HD



SQUALOR

Family



## Risks of Excessive Acquisition

**DSM-V SPECIFIER** 

88%

Excess Acquisition\*

\*past or current EA; 526 self ID hoarders;369-HD)



Acquisition of items not needed or for which there is no available space.

•Buying, Free things, Stealing

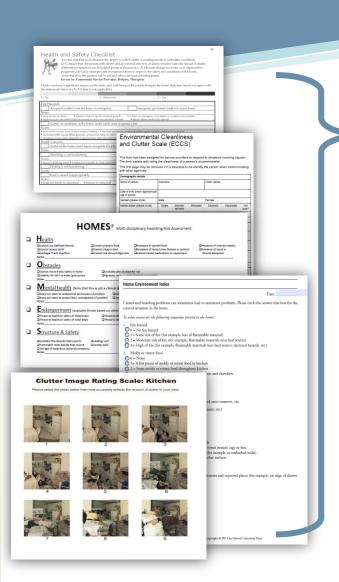
#### **ASSESS RISKS:**

 Clutter volume, debt, unpaid bills



# Safety Risks - how can I assist?

#### HARM REDUCTION IN ACTION



- ✓ STEP 1: Protect Yourself
- ✓ STEP 2: Safety Assessment
- ✓ STEP 3: Prioritize service goals
- ✓ STEP 4: Provide hands-on support

#### WHY?

- 1. Assess level of risk
- 2. Educate your client about risks
- 3. Document any concerns
- 4. Assists to prioritize goals & service



### **Practice: Assess this Situation**

#### HOARDING BURIED ALIVE: GOURMET KITCHEN





http://www.tlc.com/tv-shows/hoarding-buried-alive/videos/gourmet-kitchen/



# Safety Risks: Assessment & Plan

HARM REDUCTION IN ACTION

# How to assess and intervene in situations of risk:

- ✓ STEP 1: Protect Yourself
- √ STEP 2: Safety Assessment
- ✓ STEP 3: Prioritize service goals
- ✓ STEP 4: Provide hands-on support





### **Setting Realistic Service Goals**

#### HARM REDUCTION IN ACTION

- You can't control outcome:
  - Respond to the client, not responsible for the clutter
- See success in small changes:
  - Manage your own expectations for change
- Connect with the goals of the client:
  - "For the PSW to keep coming, here's what would need to change for them to continue visits"
- Teach skills & support; don't take away the problem
- Support clients to understand choice consequences:
   "If you keep these newspapers in the hall, what do you think the landlord will do when she inspects the apartment next week?"







# Realistic SERVICE Goals:

HARM REDUCTION IN ACTION

Tip for Success: write your goals out in a plan for client and all helpers!



1. The client will not fall again in the home.



2. The client & their support team will clear a 75 cm wide path on the stairs. The client will have access to a local handyman service to install handrails & add lighting in the stairwell.



3. The client will stop acquiring new things.

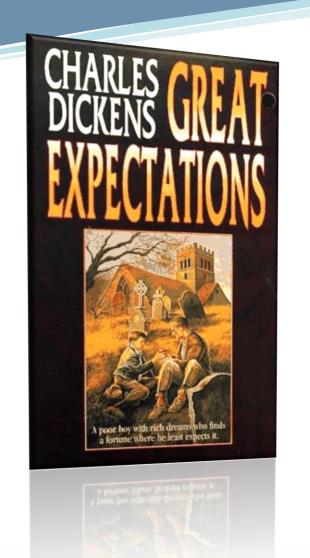


4. The client & their support team will discard all food that is rotten or beyond it's expiration date.

Work on the things that are within your control to influence. You can respond but you are not responsible



# Manage Expectations



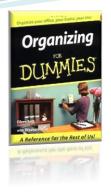
### Hoarding Disorder:

### Chronic, Complex, Clutter slow to change

"We cleared things out just last year and prevented her from being evicted ... now things are right back to where it was!"



# Manage Expectations



#### Realistic goals

- Clients are learning to sort, make decisions, and manage feelings associated with discarding.
- Collaborative work with hoarding clients can move at a glacial pace.
- Organizing and de-cluttering can take a year or even longer.



# Safety Risks: Assessment & Plan

#### HARM REDUCTION IN ACTION

# How to assess and intervene in situations of risk:

- ✓ STEP 1: Protect Yourself
- √ STEP 2: Safety Assessment
- √ STEP 3: Prioritize service goals
- ✓ STEP 4: Provide hands-on support



# Harm Reduction -Reduce Safety Risks

STRATEGIES WITHOUT FOCUS ON DISCARDING



### Hands-on, in-home

A DIFFICULT HOLE TO FILL: TIME, COST INTENSIVE



Behaviour Research and Therapy 63 (2014) 9-16



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

#### Behaviour Research and Therapy

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/brat



Empowering families to help a loved one with Hoarding Disorder: Pilot study of Family-As-Motivators training



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Harm reduction
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#### ABSTRACT

Individuals with Hoarding Disorder (HD)—a dangerous problem and public health concern—are often ambivalent about treatment. Furthermore, family members of those with HD report high levels of distress and often attempt to intervene unsuccessfully. The current study reports outcome data from a pilot study of a new training package—designed exclusively for empowering family members to address a loved one's treatment ambivalence—called Family-As-Motivators (FAM) training. Nine family members of a loved one with HD initiated 14 sessions of FAM Training and were measured at pre-, mid-, and post-training on a comprehensive outcome battery. Results over the course of training suggested that family members improved in the use of certain coping strategies and in the application of motivational interviewing techniques. They also exhibited increased hopefulness, reported a reduced negative impact of HD on the family, rated a reduction in family accommodation of HD behaviors, and displayed boosts in HD and motivational interviewing knowledge. According to participants who completed the program, FAM Training was rated as highly acceptable. Although only preliminary, the current pilot study suggests that FAM Training is palatable for participants and shows promise for improving the lives of family members of those with HD.

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#### **Assess Support Options:**

- What could be funded?
- What type of physical support needed to lift, move etc.?
- What type of supports does the client already have?

 Creativity Needed - Volunteers, PSWs, Mental health workers, organizers; Coached Friends, family, community groups (FAM training)



# Harm Reduction – Clutter Impact

**REALISTIC OUTCOMES** 



# Hands-on Support in the Home

Sorting with the 3-S Technique

#### Set-Up:

Pick a place to start & gather materials

#### Sort:

Decide if the item is **Keep** or **Out**: create categories

#### Store:

Put things away immediately





# Hands-on Support in the Home

Sorting with the 3-S Technique



#### Set-Up:

Pick a place to start & gather materials



### **Hands-on Sorting Assistance:**

#### **ESTABLISH GROUND RULES WITH CLIENT**





- Only touch things with client's permission
- The client makes all final decisions
- Support client to stay focused
- Have client speak aloud thoughts as they sort
- Be encouraging: recognize small gains
- Support with decision-making: questions
  - Have you used this in the past year?
  - Could you get this some other way if you really needed it?
  - Would letting this go help with the clutter?
  - Is this really important, or does it just seem that way because you're looking at it now?



# Hands-on Support in the Home

Sorting with the 3-S Technique





ut:

#### Store:

Put things away immediately. Undecided. Garbage/donation/sell. Re-organize.

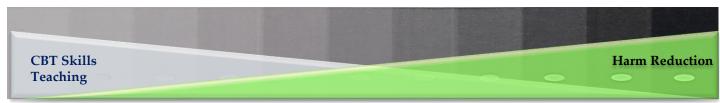


### **Hands On Assistance**

#### WHAT DO YOU NOTICE THE COACH DOING?







A&E Hoarders Buried Alive; Mar 9 2011; Order out of Chaos

### What about Extreme Cleanouts?

#### NOT GENERALLY EFFECTIVE FOR HOARDING



Does not address behaviours that create clutter.



# Not all Clutter is Hoarding Disorder

#### HOARDING AS A SYMPTOM FOR OTHER DISORDERS





# Hoarding Disorder

Dementias
Acquired Brain Injury
Diogenes

**Parkinsons** 

Huntingtons
Prader Willie Syndrome
Autism Spectrum Disorders
Frailty, Depression, Vision...



## **Assessment of Hoarding Disorder**

#### SEVERAL STANDARDIZED TOOLS AVAILABLE



#### In the field:

Select a specific pile, ask which objects could be discarded right now.



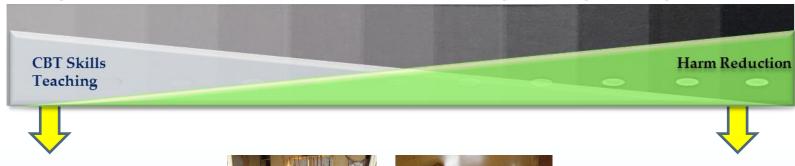
Clinical Ax: SI-R, HRS, SIDH, UHSS



#### What about Extreme Cleanouts?

NOT GENERALLY EFFECTIVE FOR HOARDING, EXCEPT...

**Optimize**: collaborate with Client, respect the home's contents, set up keep boxes/areas, consider appointing surrogate decision-maker, use clear garbage bags



Collaborative, clientdriven removal once discard skills well integrated.



Safety risks far outweigh risks of cleanout



### Assessment = Where is my Client (today)?

THE ANSWER TELLS YOU HOW BEST TO HELP

### **KEY INDICATORS:**



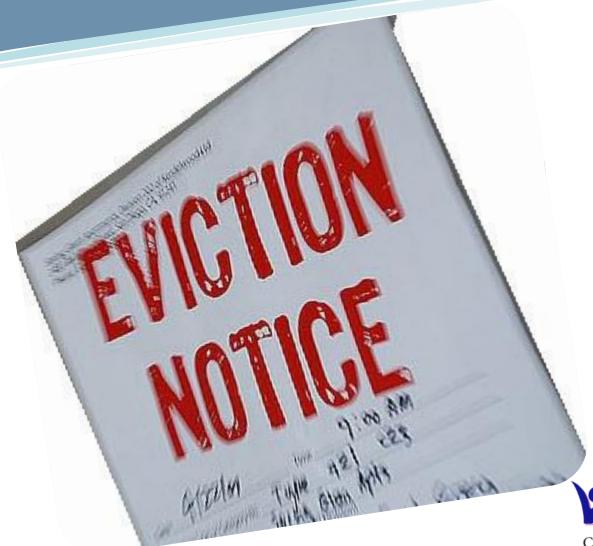
### To Develop Plan:

 Assess: what are the key safety concerns in this situation?

Safety & Eviction



# Eviction





### **Eviction – How can I assist?**

#### HARM REDUCTION IN ACTION

- ✓STEP 1: Be informed
- ✓ STEP 2: Educate client & Advocate
- ✓STEP 3: Prioritize goals
- ✓STEP 4: Provide hands-on support



## **Eviction – How can I assist?**

## ✓STEP 1: Be informed

#### KNOW THE LEGISLATION

- ✓ Residential Tenancy Act
- ✓Ontario Human Rights Code
- ✓ Legal Aid
- ✓ Property standards



#### **Residential Tenancies Act**

#### **EVICTION NOTICES ISSUED FOR HOARDING**

To: (Tenant's name	ions carefully before completing this form te and address)	From: (Landlord's name and address)
Address of the R	ental Unit:	
Termination Date	You must move out of the rental unit is	dentified above on or before
Part A		
Descens for	I am giving you this notice because:	
Reasons for this Notice	I am giving you this notice because:  1. You, your guest or another rental unit or the residentia	
	1. You, your guest or another rental unit or the residentia     2. You, your guest or another     • the reasonable enjoym	complex.  occupant of the rental unit has substantially interfered with:
	1. You, your guest or another rental unit or the residentia 2. You, your guest or another • the reasonable enjoym • another lawful right, pri	occupant of the rental unit has substantially interfered with: ent of the residential complex by the landlord or another tenar
	1. You, your guest or another rental unit or the residentia 2. You, your guest or another • the reasonable enjoym • another lawful rijnt, pri	complex. occupant of the rental unit has substantially interfered with: ent of the residential complex by the landlord or another tenar vilege or interest of the landlord or another tenar.

#### Notice to Terminate a Tenancy Early

- willfully or negligently damaged the rental unit or the complex
- substantially interfered with the reasonable enjoyment of the landlord or another tenant.
- The tenant of the rental unit has seriously impaired the safety of another person.

Legislation permits enforcement of decluttering



#### Pick a Place to Start

#### RISKS TO HOUSING STABILITY

# Common Eviction Concerns:

- Fire risks
- Infestations
- Odor, cleanliness
- Damage to structure, appliances
- Landlord/maintenance access to exits, appliances, heating
- Pets unmanaged
- Rent not paid

# Common Bylaw Infractions (Rural):

Fines can be imposed on property owners who are in violation of bylaws. Inspectors are dispatched in response to complaints.

#### Bylaws cover:

Yards, structural safety, exists, garbage, doors, infestations, cleanliness/sanitary conditions, plumbing, appliances



## **Residential Tenancies Act**

#### **BEDBUGS**



#### Part B

#### Details About the Reasons for this Notice

The landlord must provide details about the events that led to giving you this notice, including information about the dates and times these events occurred.

On February 9th, 2011 the landlord met with the tenant in the rental unit to discuss the problem with bed bugs and unit condition. They review procedures to prepare for treatment that would take place on February 13th, 2011 and the tenant agreed to follow the instructions provided.

On February 13th, 2011, at 1:45 pm the landlord inspected the unit with a pest control technician who attended to treat for bed bugs. They found that it was in an unsanitary state with bed bugs throughout. Furthermore the Tenant has failed to prepare the unit or improve the condition from the February 9th inspection. The state of the unit made it impossible to treat for bed bugs. The Landlord is informed by its pest control agent that this infestation is spreading from this unit to other units. Despite the offer of assistance of the Landlord, and the offer of assistance from community resources such as Homemakers, the Tenant will not accept such assistance nor will he rectify the unsanitary condition of the unit and prepare it for treatment.

There is debris, garbage, clothing, papers, items that appear to have been brought in from the street scattered throughout the unit covering 80% of the floor area. This notice may be voided if the tenant corrects the behaviour set out in this notice by correcting the above which

includes, but is not limited to sorting and removing debris from the unit, bagging clothing as per the provided instruction sheet, removing all food-stuffs from the floor, throwing out old newspapers, reducing the quantity of items so that there is space to spray in all rooms in the unit including surrounding all furniture and baseboards, and correcting the condition so that the pest control company is able, in its expert opinion, to treat the unit for bed bugs.

The pest control company charged the landlord \$100 as a flat-rate cancellation charge for the wasted visit and another visit will be required.

As part of the voiding of this notice, the landlord is also seeking reimbursement of the \$100 cost they incurred that was wasted due to the tenant's failure to prepare for unit treatment.



## **Human Rights Code**

#### HOARDING AS A DISABILITY



Landlords must work with tenant in "shared responsibilities of accommodation"

#### **DUTY TO ACCOMMODATE:**

Ex: contact community supports, provide organization and clutter removal services, short-term tolerance of moderate health & safety concerns, tolerating a degree of unkemptness.

- To the point of "undue hardship."
- The greater the resources of the landlord, the more involved the accommodation measures must be.

Human Rights Commission policy guideline on Human Rights in Rental Housing:

www.ohrc.on.ca



#### **Eviction – How can I assist?**

- ✓ STEP 1: Be informed
- ✓ STEP 2: Educate client & Advocate

#### **Options & consequences:**

- Do nothing –eviction likely
- Appeal eviction (legal support)
- Identify specific reasons for eviction and/or key safety risks: address these/ negotiate with landlord



## **Legal Aid**



Involve early in process (before N5 or N7)

Assist client with Landlord & Tenant Board

Duty to Accommodate: adjournment, interim orders; mediated agreements

Adjudicators typically seek change in clutter conditions over a period of a few months.



## **Advocate for your Client**



#### WORK WITH LANDLORD FOR ACCOMMODATION

- 1. Establish the existence, seriousness & impact of a disability:
  - obtain diagnosis
  - impact symptoms have on maintaining environment
- 2. Support / arrange efforts for intervention:
  - Tenant to demonstrate they are an active part of the accommodation



## Advocate for your Client

**WORK WITH LANDLORD** 



# 3. Educate the landlord about their need for accommodation

- "Buried Alive: the Human Rights Implications of Compulsive Hoarding in the Landlord-Tenant Context". Laren Blumas, JD Osgoode Law School.
- OCfoundation.org Hoarding Fact Sheet:
- DSM-5 Criteria



#### **Eviction – How can I assist?**

- ✓ STEP 1: Be informed
- ✓ STEP 2: Educate Client
- ✓ STEP 3: Prioritize goals
  - ✓ Identify & address specific reasons for eviction
  - Clearout kitchen → keep all flammables 30cm from stove; do not store items in oven
  - Declutter living room → clear 1m pathway to back exit, remove items within 1m of radiators.





## **Eviction – How can I assist?**

- ✓ STEP 1: Be informed
- ✓ STEP 2: Educate client & Advocate
- ✓ STEP 3: Prioritize goals
- ✓ STEP 4: Provide hands-on support





## Assessment = Where is my Client (today)?

THE ANSWER TELLS YOU HOW BEST TO HELP



#### **Modifiers:**

- Anticipate occurrence
- Assess by observation as you implement plan



## **Refine Implementation Plan**

**ASSESS FOR MODIFIERS** 

Prioritized Service Goals/Plan (Safety & Eviction Prevention)



- + Limited Insight & Motivation
- Refine plan to include motivational strategies
- Reduce pace & expectations around goals





## Insight – Often Described as Limited

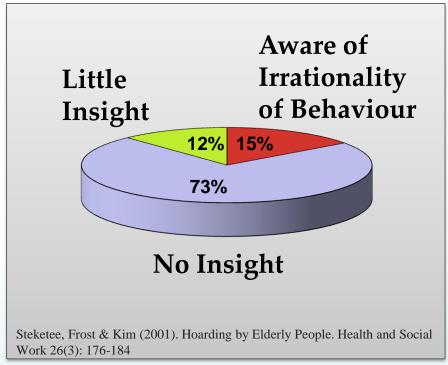
RECOGNITION THAT HOARDING BELIEFS/BEHAVIOURS ARE PROBLEMATIC

#### **Treatment for HD:**

- Less likely to seek
- High drop-out
- Passive resistance (e.g. no homework)
- Motivation fluctuates(→ belief that Tx does not work)

# Why? Ego-syntonicity + Low Insight

#### Insight in Community Sample:





## Assessing Insight & Motivation

#### OBSERVE BEHAVIOUR THROUGHOUT PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

## Limited Insight:

- 1. Anasognosia
- 2. Over-valued beliefs
- 3. Defensiveness (reactance)

## Motivation:

Readiness Ruler – specific goals



#### **Motivation**

#### READINESS RULER

## Importance – Confidence Ruler

How important is it to keep all flammables 30cm from stove?

Not At A	All Convir	nced						Te	otally Co	nvince
0	1	2	3	(4)	5	6	7	8	9	10

How confident are you that you can remove all items within 1m of radiators?

Not At Al	l Confide	nt						7	otally Co	onfident
0	1	2	3	4	(5)	6	7	8	9	10

Why "4"? Why not "6"?

What would it take to move from a "5" to an "8"?

Importance/Confidence Score	Stage of Change
0-2 on either	Pre-Contemplation
3-7 on either or both	Contemplation
< 7 on either	Not motivated to change
8-10 on Conviction	Determination
9-10 on Confidence	Action or Maintenance



## **Assessing Limited Insight**

#### ANASOGNOSIA | OVER-VALUED IDEATION | DEFENSIVENESS

## Anasognosia:

- 1. Not knowing there is a problem
  - Lacking awareness of problem severity
  - Indifference to consequences of hoarding
  - More likely to interact with community providers than outpatient clinics



#### **AVOID TEMPTATION TO DEBATE**

Build discrepancy to support client to draw their own conclusions (where life is vs. where would like to be)





## How to address Anasognosia

#### **BUILD DISCREPANCY**

Client: My landlord treats me like a child. He just comes by and judges me, threatens me!

Therapist: Meetings with him have been pretty upsetting, eh?

Client: Yeah, they are.

Therapist: What do you think would make him treat you differently?

Client: If he drops the eviction and just leaves me alone!

Therapist: And if he drops it, things will go back to normal?

Client: Yes, and I can get on my with life. I've had to put things aside to

deal with all this. It's a distraction, and unneeded one!

Therapist: From the sounds of it, he's not likely to drop it, eh?

Client: No.

Build discrepancy to support client to draw their own conclusions (where life is vs. where would like to be)

## Meet Rick ...

#### HOUSING INSTABILITY





## **Assessing Limited Insight**

#### ANASOGNOSIA | OVER-VALUED IDEATION | DEFENSIVENESS

#### Over-Valued Beliefs

- 2. Thoughts about possessions so tightly held can appear delusional
  - Range from mild to extreme
  - Sentimental/Instrumental/Intrinsic

Example: Aunt's 300+ Cookbooks = identity as a good cook/mother, dream of having grandchildren over for holiday dinners, connection to deceased aunt.

## AVOID (1) PRESENTING RATIONAL ARGUMENTS OR (2) TELLING CLIENT TO DISCARD TO DECLUTTER.

Support client to test beliefs with Behavioural Experiments



## **Addressing Over-valued Beliefs**

BEHAVIOURAL EXPERIMENTS

#### Over-Valued Beliefs



Support client to test beliefs with Behavioural Experiments



## **Assessing Limited Insight**

#### ANASOGNOSIA | OVER-VALUED IDEATION | DEFENSIVENESS

#### "Defensiveness"

- 3. Perception that personal will is being imposed upon
  - Presents as argumentativeness, frustration (client/therapist)
  - Therapeutic reactance: motivation to restore personal freedom perceived to have been threatened/lost
  - Maintaining control over possessions

#### AVOID PRESENTING REASONS TO DECLUTTER; OR ISSUING DIRECTIVES

Demonstrate to client they are in control.



## **Addressing Defensiveness**

#### CLIENT RETAINS THERAPEUTIC CONTROL

#### "Defensiveness"

All sorting decisions are theirs, ask permission to touch things, set goal to create living space (vs. declutter), provide choices (do this or that now?), let go of personal agenda for change

Demonstrate to client they are in control.



## Assessment = Where is my Client (today)?

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#### **Modifiers:**

- Anticipate occurrence
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## **Cognitive Functioning**

#### ASSESS BY OBSERVATION

- 1. Attention
- 2. Memory (visual)
- 3. Categorization
- 4. Decision-making:



Neurocognitive impairments key factor in the onset and maintenance of hoarding.



## **Refine Implementation Plan**

**ASSESS FOR MODIFIERS** 

Prioritized Service Goals/Plan (Safety & Eviction Prevention)



- + Impaired Cognitive Functioning
- Refine plan to include organizational supports
- Reduce pace & expectations around goals





## **Assess Decision-Making**

#### OBSERVE DISCARD DECISIONS; DETAILS, PERFECTIONISM



**Sorting:** Longer to decide, more anxiety, activation of regions in brain associated with emotional regulation. Effect greater with own papers.



Iowa Gambling Task
No impairment observed:
complex decision-making.

Global indecisiveness likely not specific feature of HD.



## Strategies for Decision-Making: Thought Listing

#### **EMOTIONAL REGULATION VIA DISTANCING**

Cognitive re-appraisal may not be the most effective ingredient in CBT for HD; neural regions required for re-interpretation may be impaired.

-70%

Distancing via thought listing: describe aloud thoughts

about

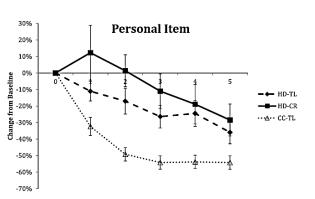


Fig. 2. Changes in distress ratings over time for the personal item.

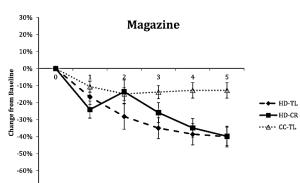


Fig. 3. Changes in distress ratings over time for the newly acquired item (magazine) trial.



## **Strategies for Decision Making: Practice**

#### TOLERATING THE DISTRESS OF DISCARDING OR MAKING DECISIONS

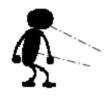
#### Letting Go



STEP 1: Recognize your attachment to the item



STEP 2: Physically discard item (or do not acquire item)



STEP 3: Begin processing emotional attachments



STEP 4: Keep processing attachments and start developing new beliefs



STEP 5: Integrate new beliefs



## **Assess Categorization**

UNDER-INCLUSIVE GROUPING - COLLABORATE ON CATEGORIES



Hoarding: longer, more piles, distressing

Luchian et al.,2007; Wincze et al, 2007; NOT Grisham et al 2010

Clinically significant visual categorization impairment observed: Delis-Kaplan Executive Function System – sorting test



## **Assess Memory Beliefs**

## MEMORY CONFIDENCE AND IMPAIRMENT

Worry about forgetting information, events, relationships:

> rely on objects to serve as

- Strategies for Memory Confidence: Lets try putting this into the drawer, I'll write it down & we can see if next week you remember what we put there?
  - List of contents
  - Clear plastic bags, bins



Brief Visual Memory Test: Research Inconsistent: possible isuospatial memory impairment



#### **Assess Attention**

#### **DIFFICULTY WITH SUSTAINED ATTENTION**

- Robust relationship between ADHD and hoarding:
   ~28% meet ADHD criteria
- Self-report high levels of inattentiveness
- Research suggests possible visual attention impairment

#### **Observe Client:**

Difficulty staying on task during session, easily distracted, tangential, overlyinclusive speaking style

#### **Strategies: Redirect & Focus:**

"How about we finish this bag of shoes before moving on..."

"Margaret, let me interrupt you here... I only have a limited time to help and I really want to see you succeed with your organizing... do you want to store these shoes in the closet or front hall?..."

Creating More Independence

## Assess: age

#### MORE LIKELY TO HAVE COGNITIVE DIFFICULTIES

#### **Elders who Hoard:**

- More risks: safety & eviction
- Comorbidities: physical & psychiatric
- ADLs impaired
- Cognition impaired

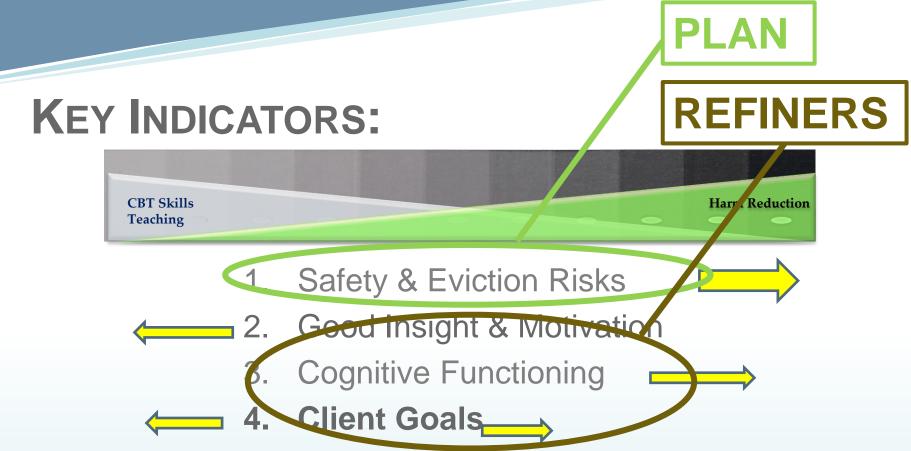


#### **Cognitive Rehabilitation**



## Assessment = Where is my Client (today)?

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#### **Modifiers:**

- Anticipate occurrence
- Assess by observation as you implement plan



#### **Assessment - Functional Goals**

#### LINK SERVICE GOALS TO CLIENT'S GOALS



Client's values, dreams and goals.

What drives motivation to
for a livable space?

A. Activities of C						
Activities affected by clutter or hourding	Can do it easily	Can do it with a little difficulty	Can do it with moderate difficulty	Can do it with great difficulty	Unable to do it	N/3
Prepare food	1	2	3	4	5	N/A
2. Use refrigerator	1	2	3	4	5	N/I
3. Use stove	1	2	3	4	5	N/A
4. Use kitchen pink	1	2	3	4	5	N/a
5. Eat at table	1	2	3	4	5	14/2
Move around inside the house	1	2	3	4	5	N/a
7. Exit home quickly	1	2	3	4	5	N/a
1. Use toilet	1	2	3	4	5	N/2
9. Use bath/ shower	1	2	3	4	5	14/2
10. Use bathroom sink	1	2	5	4	5	N/S
11. Answer door quickly	1	2	3	4	5	N/S
12. St in sofs/chair	1	2	3	4	5	N/E
13. Seep in bed	1	2	3	4	5	N/S
14 De laundry	1	2	3	4	5	N/a
15. Find important things (such as bills, tax forms)	1	2	3	•	5	N/A
16. Care for animals	1	2	3	4	,	1.0%

ADL-H measure impairment in key functional domains.

[Frost et al 2013]



## Focus on Specific Area of Home

#### **CLIENT-DRIVEN GOAL SETTING**

#### Start with the easiest changes

Garbage, items with least perceived value

#### Clear a place to make room for organizing activities

- Clear off the back porch so recycling can go out
- Clear off the dining room table for a sorting space

## Choose something that impacts daily activities

- Organize the front hall so its easier to get in the door
- Clear out the kitchen sink to be able to prepare a meal



## Focus on Specific Area of Home

#### **CLIENT-DRIVEN GOAL SETTING**

- Identify an area that will facilitate other goals
  - Clear around the bed so that the PSW can assist with the transfer
  - Sort through the dining room so as to be able to start having family over for the holidays
- Pick objects of a particular theme
  - Collections, toiletries, toys, etc
- Choose objects that will make for visible changes
  - Bulky items like furniture, bedding

If not Safety Risk ... Start Anywhere! – there is no wrong place (but pick one place and stick to it)



## **Acceptability of Hoarding Services**

PERCEPTION THAT TREATMENT IS AGREEABLE, PALATABLE OR SATISFACTORY

# More acceptable if: ✓ personalized Tip for Success: personalize your plan! ✓ being held accountable (goals, home visits) Tip for Success: leverage the visitor effect! Works Tip for Success: advertise successes! Tip for Success: advertise successed.



#### **Innovators!**

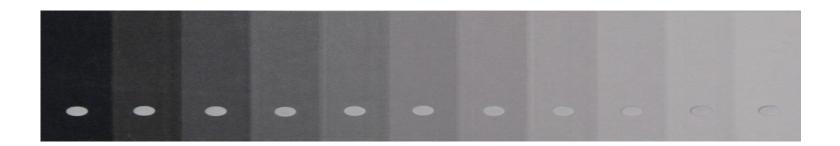
More acceptable options needed.



## Assessing Readiness / Stage of Recovery

ASKING THE RIGHT QUESTION

Yes Is the client ready? No



Creating More Independence

What type of service will most support positive change?
What are they ready for?

## Assessment: What type of service will help?

THE ANSWER TELLS YOU HOW BEST TO PLAN



## **Readiness Spectrum**

Action......Preparation......Contemplation......Pre-Contemplation

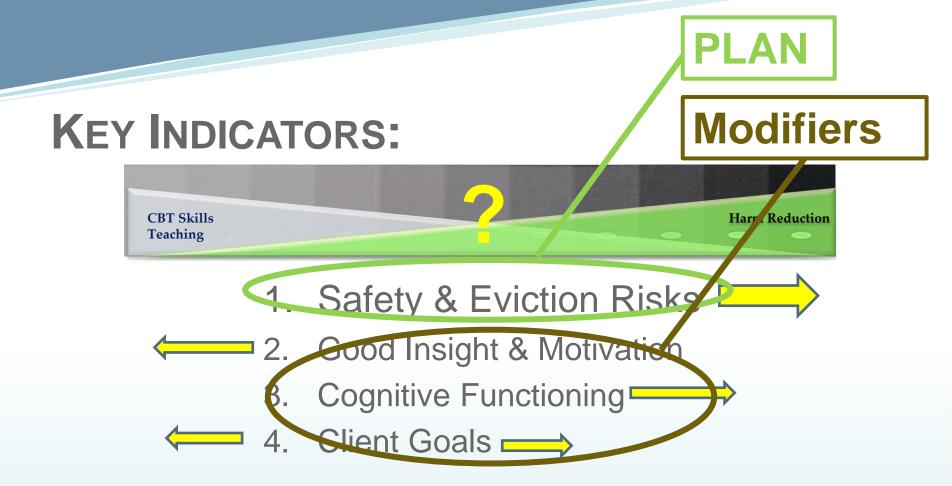
CBT Harm Reduction

Some overlap; Not static;



## Assessment = Where is my Client (today)?

THE ANSWER TELLS YOU HOW BEST TO HELP





## Today's Objectives

#### HERE'S WHERE WE HAVE BEEN

#### By the end of this session:

- ✓ Name two main types of approach to treating Hoarding Disorder (HD)
   (What can be done to help)
- ✓ List an assessment tool to identify key safety/eviction risks and preferred Tx approach (What to assess for so as to know how to best help)
- ✓ Identify one strategy (or more!) to set up and address your plan of service.
   (How you can develop a plan to help based on your assessment)





## Thank You!

VHA Home HealthCare (VHA)—a not-for-profit charity—has provided care since 1925. With over 1,800 staff and service providers VHA offers home and community services that support Ontarians' independence including: homemaking, nursing, personal support and rehabilitation services.

#### VHA is:

- Accredited with Exemplary Standing by Accreditation Canada
- An RNAO Best Practice Spotlight Organization candidate and;
- •A founding member agency of **United Way Toronto**.

www.vha.ca







